

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT NAME: NITROUS OXIDE

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

BOC Gases,
Division of
BOC Gases
Division of

The BOC Group, Inc.

575 Mountain Avenue

Murray Hill, NJ 07974

BOC Canada Limited

5975 Falbourne Street, Unit 2

Mississauga, Ontario L5R 3W6

TELEPHONE NUMBER: (905) 501-1700

TELEPHONE NUMBER: (908) 464-8100

24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: 24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 (905) 501-0802

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN NO: 20101

PRODUCT NAME: NITROUS OXIDE **CHEMICAL NAME:** Nitrous Oxide

COMMON NAMES/SYNONYMS: Dinitrogen Monoxide, Laughing Gas, Factitious Air, Hyponitrous Acid

Anhydride

TDG (Canada) CLASSIFICATION: 2.2 (5.1) **WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:** A, C, D1B, D2A

PREPARED BY: Loss Control (908)464-8100/(905)501-1700

PREPARATION DATE: 6/1/95 **REVIEW DATES:** 6/7/96

2. Composition, Information on Ingredients

INGREDIENT	% VOLUME	PEL-OSHA ¹	TLV-ACGIH ²	LD ₅₀ or LC ₅₀ Route/Species
Nitrous Oxide FORMULA: N₂O CAS: 10024-97-2 RTECS #: QX1350000	98.0 to 99.995	Not Available	50 ppm TWA	LC ₅₀ 160 mg/m ³ /6H (rat)

As stated in 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z (revised July 1, 1993)

3. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Anesthetic effects at high concentrations. Asphyxia by exclusion of oxygen. Reproductive Hazard. Nonflammable. Oxidizer. May accelerate combustion of other materials.

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² As stated in the ACGIH 1994-95 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents

ROUTE OF ENTRY:

Skin Contact	Skin Absorption	Eye Contact	Inhalation	Ingestion
Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

HEALTH EFFECTS:

Exposure Limits	Irritant	Sensitization		
Yes	No	No		
Teratogen	Reproductive Hazard	Mutagen		
Yes	Yes			
Synergistic Effects				
Other agents that depress the central nervous system				

Carcinogenicity: -- NTP: No IARC: No OSHA: No

EYE EFFECTS:

Adverse effects not anticipated.

SKIN EFFECTS:

Adverse effects not anticipated.

INGESTION EFFECTS:

None known. Ingestion is unlikely.

INHALATION EFFECTS:

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High concentrations may cause deep breathing, dizziness, nausea and eventual unconsciousness due to inadequate oxygen supply. Anesthetic effects may occur when mixed with oxygen at a ratio of 80% nitrous oxide to 20% oxygen. Laughter effects seem to occur after incipient asphyxia accompanied by the sudden return of oxygen as in air. Nitrous oxide is a slight narcotic, but lacks substantial toxicity. Asphyxia will occur due to oxygen exclusion. Maintain oxygen levels above 19.5% at sea level.

Chronic effects of overexposure may include reproductive effects.

NFPA HAZARD CODES	HMIS HAZARD CODES	RATINGS SYSTEM
Health: 2	Health: 2	0 = No Hazard
Flammability: 0	Flammability: 0	1 = Slight Hazard
Reactivity: 0	Reactivity: 0	2 = Moderate Hazard
		3 = Serious Hazard
		4 = Severe Hazard

DARBING OXIGIDENT

4. First Aid Measures

EYES:

Never introduce ointment or oil into the eyes without medical advice! If pain is present, refer the victim to an opthalmologist for treatment and follow up.

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SKIN:

No adverse effects anticipated.

INGESTION:

None required.

INHALATION:

PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE TO NITROUS OXIDE. RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be moved to an uncontaminated area, given artificial resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Further treatment should be symptomatic and supportive.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Conditions of Flammability: Not Flammable				
Flash point:	Method:		Autoignition	
None	Not Applicable		Temperature: None	
LEL(%): None		UEL(%): None		
Hazardous combustion products: None				
Sensitivity to mechanical shock: None				
Sensitivity to static discharge: None				

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Nonflammable. May decompose violently at temperatures above 1112°F (600°C).

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use extinguishing media suitable for the combustible materials involved in the fire.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

None required. Use media suitable for surrounding fire.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Evacuate all personnel from affected area. Use appropriate protective equipment. If leak is in user's equipment, be certain to purge piping with inert gas prior to attempting repairs. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number listed in Section 1 or call your closest BOC location.

7. Handling and Storage

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Do not heat cylinder by any means to increase the discharge rate of product from the container. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the container.

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For additional recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association's Pamphlet P-1.

Protect containers from physical damage. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Do not allow the temperatures where containers are stored to exceed 130°F (54°C). Containers should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full containers being stored for excessive periods of time.

8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

EXPOSURE LIMITS¹:

INGREDIENT	% VOLUME	PEL-OSHA ²	TLV-ACGIH ³	LD ₅₀ or LC ₅₀ Route/Species
Nitrous Oxide FORMULA: N₂O CAS: 10024-97-2 RTECS #: QX1350000	98.0 to 99.995	Not Available	50 ppm TWA	LC ₅₀ 160 mg/m ³ /6H (rat)

Refer to individual state of provincial regulations, as applicable, for limits which may be more stringent than those listed here.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use local exhaust to prevent accumulation of high concentrations that may reduce the oxygen level in the air to less than 19.5%.

EYE/FACE PROTECTION:

Chemical safety goggles or safety glasses. Do not wear contact lenses.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Use protective gloves; any material suitable to the use situation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Self-contained breathing apparatus should be available for emergency use.

OTHER/GENERAL PROTECTION:

Safety shoes, safety shower.

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² As stated in 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z (revised July 1, 1993)

³ As stated in the ACGIH 1994-1995 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

PARAMETER	VALUE	UNITS
Physical state (gas, liquid, solid)	: Gas	
Vapor pressure at 20°C	: 736.	psig
Vapor density (Air = 1)	: 1.529	
Evaporation point	: Not Available	
Boiling point	: -127.2	°F
	: -88.47	°C
Freezing point	: -131.5	°F
	: -90.81	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
pH	: Not Applicable	
Specific gravity at boiling	: 1.227	
Oil/water partition coefficient	: Not Available	
Solubility (H20)	: Slightly Soluble	
Odor threshold	: Not Available	
Odor and appearance	: Colorless gas, slightly sweet taste and odor.	
	Liquid appears similar to water.	

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY:

Stable

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

All flammable materials. Nitrous oxide will serve as the oxidant for most flammable materials. Some flammables will have a lower flammable limit in nitrous oxide than in pure oxygen. Powerful reducing agents will react violently.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

At elevated temperatures. Nitrous oxide decomposes into nitrogen and oxygen, the rate of decomposition being appreciable at about 1112°F (600°C). Nitrous oxide exposed to fire or other intense heat source may decompose violently.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

REPRODUCTIVE:

Reproductive toxicity has been observed in experimental animals exposed at concentrations in excess of the current TLV. These toxic effects include:

Toxic effects to newborn rats after exposure of pregnant female to 50,000 ppm for 4 hours.

Toxic effects to testes, epididymis, sperm duct in male rat following exposures of 200,000 ppm for 8 hours.

Effects on embryo and fetus in exposed rats. Teratogenic effects observed in other mammalian species.

MUTAGENIC:

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Effects on genetic material have been observed in human, mammalian and insect mutation test systems exposed at concentrations of 50,000 ppm or greater.

OTHER:

Blood changes, including changes in erythrocite and leukocyte count, have been reported in experimental rats and mice exposed at near the current TLV (50 ppm). Changes in body and liver weight have been reported.

12. Ecological Information

No data given.

13. Disposal Considerations

Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED, WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to BOC Gases or authorized distributor for proper disposal.

14. Transport Information

PARAMETER	United States DOT	Canada TDG
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Nitrous Oxide, compressed	Nitrous Oxide, compressed
HAZARD CLASS:	2.2	2.2 (5.1)
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:	UN 1070	UN 1070
SHIPPING LABEL:	NONFLAMMABLE GAS, OXIDIZER	NONFLAMMABLE GAS, OXIDIZER

15. Regulatory Information

SARA TITLE III NOTIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION

SARA TITLE III - HAZARD CLASSES:

Acute Health Hazard Fire Hazard Reactivity Hazard

16. Other Information

Compressed gas cylinders shall not be refilled without the express written permission of the owner. Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder which has not been filled by the owner or with his/her (written) consent is a violation of transportation regulations.

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